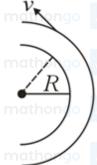
Q1. A car accelerates from rest at a constant rate  $\alpha$  for some time after which it decelerates at a constant rate  $\beta$  to

come to rest. If the total time elapsed is t seconds, the total distance travelled is:

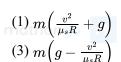
(2)  $\frac{2\alpha\beta}{(\alpha+\beta)}t^2$  (4)  $\frac{\alpha\beta}{4(\alpha+\beta)}t^2$ 

**Q2.** A modern grand-prix racing car of mass m is travelling on a flat track in a circular arc of radius R with a speed v. If the coefficient of static friction between the tyres and the track is  $\mu_s$ , then the magnitude of negative lift  $F_L$ 



acting downwards on the car is:

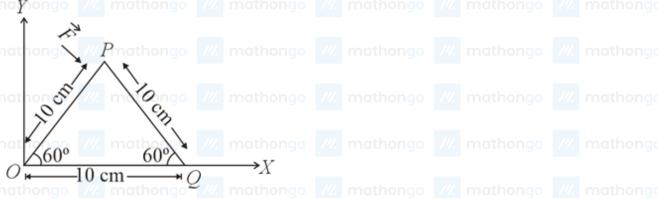




- mathongo (2)  $m\left(\frac{v^2}{\mu_s R} g\right)$  mathongo (4)  $-m\left(g + \frac{v^2}{\mu_s R}\right)$
- Q3. A boy is rolling a 0.5 kg ball on the frictionless floor with the speed of 20 m s<sup>-1</sup>. The ball gets deflected by an obstacle on the way. After deflection it moves with 5% of its initial kinetic energy. What is the speed of the ball now?
  - (1) 19.0 m s<sup>-1</sup>

- $(3) 14.41 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
- mathongo /// mathongo  $(2) 4.4 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$  /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q4. A triangular plate is shown. A force  $\overrightarrow{F} = 4\hat{i} - 3\hat{j}$  is applied at point P. The torque at point P with respect to point O and Q are:



(1)  $-15 - 20\sqrt{3}$ ,  $15 - 20\sqrt{3}$ 

(2)  $15 + 20\sqrt{3}$ ,  $15 - 20\sqrt{3}$ 

- (3)  $15 20\sqrt{3}$ ,  $15 + 20\sqrt{3}$
- $(4) -15 + 20\sqrt{3}, 15 + 20\sqrt{3}$

**Q5.** A mass M hangs on a massless rod of length l which rotates at a constant angular frequency. The mass M moves with steady speed in a circular path of constant radius. Assume that the system is in steady circular

motion with constant angular velocity  $\omega$ . The angular momentum of M about point A is  $L_A$  which lies in the positive z direction and the angular momentum of M about B is  $L_B$ . The correct statement for this system is:



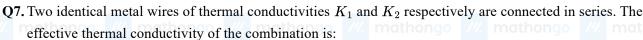
- (1)  $L_A$  and  $L_B$  are both constant in magnitude and direction
  - magnitude
- (3)  $L_B$  is constant, both in magnitude and direction
- (4)  $L_A$  is constant, both in magnitude and direction

(2)  $L_B$  is constant in direction with varying

**Q6.** When two soap bubbles of radii a and b(b > a) coalesce, the radius of curvature of common surface is:

 $(1) \frac{ab}{b-a}$ 

 $(2) \frac{a+b}{ab}$ 



(2)  $\frac{K_1+K_2}{2K_1K_2}$  (4)  $\frac{K_1K_2}{K_1+K_2}$  ongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q8. A Carnot's engine working between 400 K and 800 K has a work output of 1200 J per cycle. The amount of heat energy supplied to the engine from the source in each cycle is:

(1) 3200 J

(3) 1600 J

**Q9.** A polyatomic ideal gas has 24 vibrational modes. What is the value of  $\gamma$ ?

(1) 1.03

(2) 1.30

- (3) 1.37
- /// mathongo /// mathongo (4) 10.3 thongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q10. Two ideal polyatomic gases at temperatures  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  are mixed so that there is no loss of energy. If  $F_1$  and  $F_2$ ,  $m_1$  and  $m_2$ ,  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  be the degrees of freedom, masses, number of molecules of the first and second gas respectively, the temperature of mixture of these two gases is:

(1)  $\frac{n_1 T_1 + n_2 T_2}{n_1 T_1 + n_2 T_2}$ 

(2)  $\frac{n_1F_1T_1+n_2F_2T_2}{-}$  $n_1F_1 + n_2F_2$ 

(4)  $\frac{n_1 F_1 T_1 + n_2 F_2 T_2}{r_1 + r_2 F_2 T_2}$ 

Q11. For what value of displacement the kinetic energy and potential energy of a simple harmonic oscillation become equal?

## **JEE Main 2021 (17 Mar Shift 1)**

**Question Paper** 

m(1) 
$$x=0$$
 // mathongo // mathongo (2)  $x=\pm A$  ngo // mathongo // mathongo (3)  $x=\pm \frac{A}{\sqrt{2}}$ 

$$(4) x = \frac{4}{3}$$

Q12. A current of 10 A exists in a wire of cross-sectional area of 5 mm<sup>2</sup> with a drift velocity of  $2 \times 10^{-3}$  m s<sup>-1</sup>.

The number of free electrons in each cubic meter of the wire is

(1)  $2 \times 10^6$ 

(2)  $625 \times 10^{25}$ 

(3)  $2 \times 10^{25}$ 

(4)  $1 \times 10^{23}$ 

Q13. A solenoid of 1000 turns per metre has a core with relative permeability 500. Insulated windings of the solenoid carry an electric current of 5 A. The magnetic flux density produced by the solenoid is: (Permeability of free space =  $4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H m}^{-1}$ )

(1)  $(\pi)$  T

mathongo  $(2) \left(2 \times 10^{-3} \pi\right) \text{ T}$  mathongo  $(4) \left(10^{-4} \pi\right) \text{ T}$ 

 $(3) \left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) T$ 

**Q14.** An AC current is given by  $I=I_1sin\omega t+I_2cos\omega t$ . /// mathong /// mathong /// mathong ///

A hot wire ammeter will give a reading:

- /// mathongo /// mathongo (2)  $\sqrt{\frac{I_1^2+I_2^2}{2}}$  ngo /// mathongo /// mathongo (4)  $\frac{I_1+I_2}{2\sqrt{2}}$

nathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo

Q15. The thickness at the centre of a plano convex lens is 3 mm and the diameter is 6 cm. If the speed of light in the material of the lens is  $2 \times 10^8$  m s<sup>-1</sup>. The focal length of the lens is

(1) 0.30 cm

(2) 15 cm

(3) 1.5 cm

(4) 30 cm

**Q16.** An electron of mass m and a photon have same energy E. The ratio of wavelength of electron to that of photon is: (c being the velocity of light)

- $(1) \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{2m}{E}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$   $(2) \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{E}{2m}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$   $(3) \left(\frac{E}{2m}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$   $(4) c(2mE)^{\frac{1}{2}}$  (4) mathongo  $(5) \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{E}{2m}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$   $(6) \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{E}{2m}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$   $(7) \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{E}{2m}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$   $(8) \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{E}{2m}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$   $(9) \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{E}{2m}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

Q17. If an electron is moving in the  $n^{\text{th}}$  orbit of the hydrogen atom, then its velocity  $(v_n)$  for the  $n^{\text{th}}$  orbit is given as:

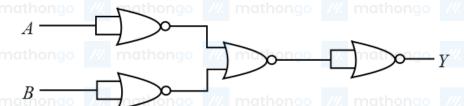
- (3)  $v_n \propto n^2$
- /// mathongo /// mathongo  $\frac{(2)\ v_n \propto rac{1}{n}}{(4)\ v_n \propto rac{1}{n^2}}$  mathongo /// mathongo ///

Q18. Which level of the single ionized carbon has the same energy as the ground state energy of hydrogen atom?

(1) 1

- (2)6
- (3) 4 mathongo /// mathongo
- (4) 8<sub>mathongo</sub> /// mathongo /// mathongo

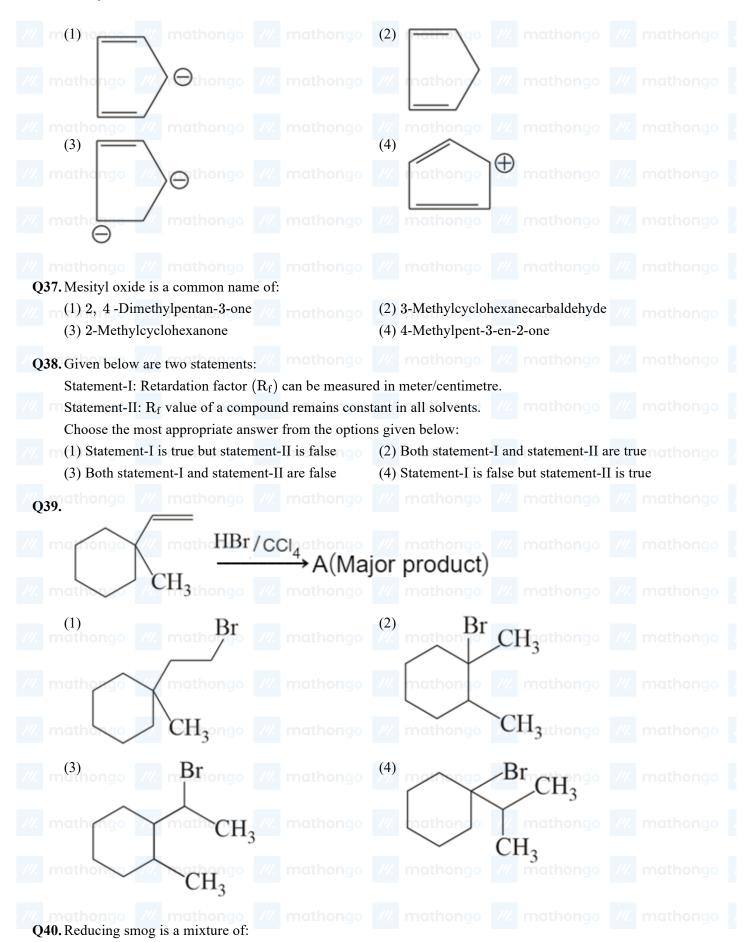
Q19. The output of the given combination gates represents:



(1) XOR Gate mathongo /// mathongo (3) AND Gate	(2) NAND Gate /// mothongo /// mothongo (4) NOR Gate
Q20. The vernier scale used for measurement has a positi	ve zero error of 0.2 mm. If while taking a measurement it
	8.5 cm and 8.6 cm. Vernier coincidence is 6, then the mathongo mathongo mathongo
(3) 8.58 cm (mathongo) (mathongo) (mathongo)	(2) 8.54 cm (20 /// mathongo /// mathongo (4) 8.56 cm
figure. The coefficient of static friction between the	tranged on a horizontal frictionless table as shown in the two blocks is $\frac{3}{7}$ . Then the maximum horizontal force that as move together is $N$ . (Round off to the Nearest Integer)
m mathongo $m$ mathongo $m$ mathongo	
$\stackrel{\text{///.}}{M} \text{ mathongo} \stackrel{\text{///.}}{M} \text{ mathongo}$	
///. ma <b>titutiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii</b>	
Q22. The angular speed of truck wheel is increased fro revolutions by the truck engine during this time is _ (Assuming the acceleration to be uniform).	m 900 rpm to 2460 rpm in 26 seconds. The number of
Q23. The following bodies,	
m(1) a ring mathongo mathongo (2) a disc	
(3) a solid cylinder athongo (4) a solid sphere,	
of same mass $m$ and radius $R$ are allowed to roll of inclined plane. The body which will reach first at the	down without slipping simultaneously from the top of the bottom of the inclined plane is
[Mark the body as per their respective numbering gi	ven in the question] mathongo mathongo
mathongo mathongo	
/// mathongo ///Smathorgo /// mathongo	
/// mathorgo /// mathongo /// mathongo	
/// mathon $\theta$ /// mathongo /// mathongo	

Q24. The radius in k	ilometer to which the	present radius	of ear	th $(R = 6400)$	km)	to be compress	ed so	that the ngo
escape velocity	is increased 10 time	is						
	identical springs eacl					_		
777	shows one of them $T_h = T_h$				binat	tion. The ratios	of t	ime period of
	he two SHM is $\frac{T_b}{T_a}$ = he Nearest Integer)	$\sqrt{x}$ , where values	ie oi a	<i>x</i> 18				
444 44	по тешева пледел							
/// mathor ///	1 mat <b>6</b> 0ngo ///							
/// mat $T_a$	$T_b$							
/// matho Mo ///	maticingo ///							
	1 mati <mark>o</mark> ngo ///							
	M mot $M$ jo $M$							
Q26. Four identical	mathon rectangular plates w	with length, $l =$	$^{\prime\prime}$ 2 cm	mathona a and breadth,	b =	$\frac{3}{2}$ cm are arra	ingec	d as shown in
figure. The equ	ivalent capacitance b he Nearest Integer)						/4/.	
///. mathongo ///	mathongo ///.							
///. mathongo ///	mothongo ///.							
///. mathongo ///	mathongo ///.							
///. mathongo ///	mothongo ///.							
///. mathongo	d d mathongo ///							
V=12  V between inserted between	e capacitor whose capacitor whose capacitor whose capacitor whose capacitor whose capacitors are the plates, then the	charging battery e plate would o	y is n oscilla	ow disconnectate back and for	ed ar	nd a porcelain poetween the pla	olate	with $k = 7$ is with a constant
(Assume no frie	ergy of pJ.  ction)							
equivalent resis	resistance of series of stance is $p$ . If $s = np$ ,				Vhen	they are connect.	eted i	in parallel, the
(Round off to the	he Nearest Integer)							

Q29. If $2.5 \times 10^{-6}$ N average force is exerted by a light wave on a non-reflecting surface of 30 cm <sup>2</sup> area during 40 min of time span, the energy flux of light just before it falls on the surface is W cm <sup>-2</sup> . (Round off												
to the Nearest Integer), (Assume complete absorption	on and normal incidence conditions are there) morhongo											
height 30 m, if the receiving antenna is placed at gr the Nearest Integer) (Take $\pi$ as 3. 14)	round. Let radius of the earth be 6400 km. (Round off to											
Q31. The absolute value of the electron gain enthalpy of (1) $I > Br > Cl > F$ (3) $Cl > F > Br > I$	halogens satisfies: $ (2) \ Cl > Br > F > I $ $ (4) \ F > Cl > Br > I $											
Q32. A central atom in a molecule has two lone pairs of electrons and forms three single bonds. The shape of this molecule is												
(1) see-saw mathongo mathongo (3) T-shaped	(2) planar triangular mathongo mathongo (4) trigonal pyramidal											
Q33. Which of the following compound CANNOT act as (1) NF <sub>3</sub> (3) SF <sub>4</sub>	(2) PCl <sub>5</sub> (4) ClF <sub>3</sub> honge // mathonge // mathonge											
Q34. The INCORRECT statement(s) about heavy water in (A) used as a moderator in nuclear reactor												
<ul><li>(B) obtained as a by-product in fertilizer industry.</li><li>(C) used for the study of reaction mechanism</li><li>(D) has a higher dielectric constant than water</li></ul>												
Choose the correct answer from the options given by (1) (B) only (3) (D) only	(2) (C) only (4) (B) and (D) only  mathongo  mathongo  mathongo  mathongo  mathongo  mathongo											
Q35. The correct order of conductivity of ions in water is $(1) \text{ Na}^+ > \text{K}^+ > \text{Rb}^+ > \text{Cs}^+$	(1) (2) and (2) only											
(3) $K^+ > Na^+ > Cs^+ > Rb^+$ mathongo  mathongo												
Q36. Which of the following is an aromatic compound?  mathongo mathongo mathongo												



- m(1) Smoke, fog and  $O_3$  mothongo (2) Smoke, fog and  $SO_2$  mothongo (4) Smoke, fog and  $SO_2$  mothongo
  - (3) Smoke, fog and  $CH_2 = CH CHO$  (4) Smoke, fog and  $N_2O_3$

Q41. A colloidal system consisting of a gas dispersed in a solid is called a/an:

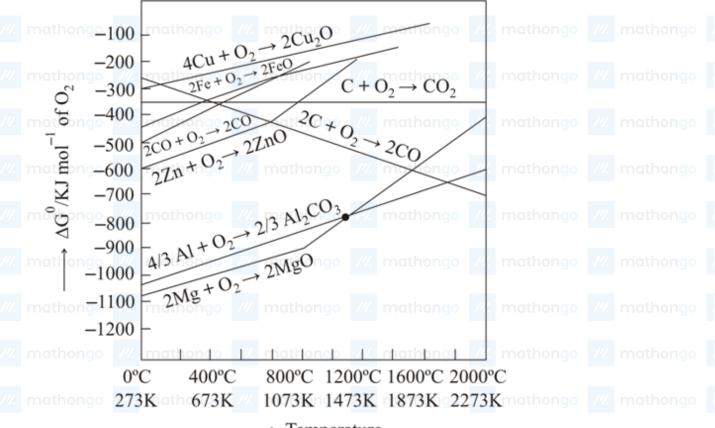
(1) solid sol

(2) gel

(3) aerosol

(4) foam

Q42. The point of intersection and sudden increase in the slope, in the diagram given below, respectively, indicates:



Temperature
mathongo /// mathongo

- (1)  $\Delta G = 0$  and melting or boiling point of the metal(2)  $\Delta G > 0$  and decomposition of the metal oxide mathons and mathons and mathons and mathons and mathons are mathons are mathons and mathons are mathons are mathons are mathons are mathons and mathons are mathons are mathons are mathons are mathons are mathons and mathons are mathons and mathons are mathons are mathons are mathons are mathons are mathons and mathons are mathons
  - (3)  $\Delta G < 0$  and decomposition of the metal oxide (4)  $\Delta G = 0$  and reduction of the metal oxide

**Q43.** Given below are two statements:

Statement I: Potassium permanganate on heating at 573 K forms potassium manganate.

Statement II: Both potassium permanganate and potassium manganate are tetrahedral and paramagnetic in nature.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Statement I is true but statement II is false
- (2) Both statement I and statement II are true
- (3) Statement I is false but statement II is true
- (4) Both statement I and statement II are false

Q44. What is the spin-only magnetic moment value (B.M.) of a divalent metal ion with atomic number 25, in its aqueous solution?

///. mathongo (2) 5.0athongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo (1) 5.92(3) zero The above reaction requires which of the following reaction conditions? // mathongo // mathongo (1) 573 K, Cu, 300 atm (2) 623 K, Cu, 300 atm (4) 623 K, 300 atm thongo // mathongo (4) 623 K, 300 atm **Q46.** ///. mathEthylene Glycolgo ///. Aathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo (Major Product) The product "A" in the above reaction is: (1)(2) OH/// matOC2H4// mathongo (4) OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> mathongo Onthong O mathonao mathongo mathongo OН Q47. Hoffmann bromamide degradation of benzamide gives product A, which upon heating with CHCl<sub>3</sub> and NaOH gives product B. The structures of A and B are:

## **JEE Main 2021 (17 Mar Shift 1)**

## JEE Main Previous Year Paper MathonGo

**Question Paper** 

$$(1) \ \text{CHO} \ \text{MIL}_2 \ \text{Model} \ \text{MIL}_2 \ \text{Model} \ \text{Mod$$

- $(1) \text{ $C_6H_5$COCl} + \text{ $C_6H_5$ NH}_2 \longrightarrow \text{ $C_6H_5$ CONHC}_6\text{ $H$}\text{$\mathcal{G}$})$ \\ \underset{C_6H_5}{\text{CH}_2$ CN} \overset{[H]}{\rightarrow} \text{ $C_6H_5$ CH}_2\text{ CH}_2\text{ NH}_2$ \\$
- (3)  $C_6H_5NH_2 \xrightarrow{HCl} C_6H_5NH_3Cl^{-1}$
- (4)  $\mathrm{C_6H_5\,CH_2\,Cl} + \mathrm{NH_3} \longrightarrow \mathrm{C_6H_5\,CH_2\,NH_2}$

Q49. With respect to drug-enzyme interaction, identify the wrong statement:

- (1) Non-Competitive inhibitor binds to the allosteric (2) Allosteric inhibitor changes the enzyme's active mathsite siteathongo
- active site
- (3) Allosteric inhibitor competes with the enzyme's (4) Competitive inhibitor binds to the enzyme's active site

**Q50.** Which of the following is correct structure of tyrosine? mathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo

(1)nongo mathongo (2) mathorCOOH mathongo  $H_2N-$ ·H (3) COOH $H_2N$  $H_2N$ Η OHrongo O51.  $NO_2$ mathongo In the above reaction, 3.9 g of benzene on nitration gives 4.92 g of nitrobenzene. The percentage yield of nitrobenzene in the above reaction is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ %. (Round off to the Nearest Integer). (Given atomic mass : C : 12.0 u, H : 1.0 u O : 16.0 u, N : 14.0 u) **Q52.** The mole fraction of a solute in a 100 molal aqueous solution  $\times 10^{-2}$ . (Round off to the Nearest Integer). [Given : Atomic masses: H : 1.0 u, O : 16.0 u] /// mathongo /// mathongo /// **Q53.** A certain orbital has n = 4 and  $m_1 = -3$ . The number of radial nodes in this orbital is the Nearest Integer). Q54. The pressure exerted by a non-reactive gaseous mixture of 6.4 g of methane and 8.8 g of carbon dioxide in a 10 L vessel at 27°C is kPa. (Round off to the Nearest Integer). [Assume gases are ideal,  $R = 8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \text{ Atomic masses: } C:12.0 \text{ u, } H:1.0 \text{ u, } O:16.0 \text{ u}]$ Q55. The standard enthalpies of formation of Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and CaO are -1675 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> and -635 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> respectively. Mathongo Mathong For the reaction  $3\text{CaO} + 2\text{Al} \rightarrow 3\text{Ca} + \text{Al}_2 \text{ O}_3$  the standard reaction enthalpy  $\Delta_r H^0 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{$ (Round off to the Nearest Integer).

 $= 1.0 \text{ kg dm}^{-3}$ 

<b>Q56.</b> 0. 01 moles	of a	weak acid HA	$(K_a)$	$_{ m a}=2.0 imes$	$10^{-6}$	is o	dissolved	in 1.0	Lo	f 0.1M	HCl s	olutio	n. The d	egree
of dissociat	ion o	of HA is		$\_ imes 10^{-5}$	(Roun	nd of	ff to the N	Vearest	Inte	eger). [	Neglect	volur	ne chan	ge on
adding HA	and a	assume degree	of dis	sociation	<< 1	]///.								

- Q57.15 mL of aqueous solution of  $Fe^{2+}$  in acidic medium completely reacted with 20 mL of 0.03 M aqueous  $Cr_2 O_7^{2-}$ . The molarity of the  $Fe^{2+}$  solution is \_\_\_\_\_  $\times 10^{-2} M$  (Round off to the Nearest Integer).
- Q58. The oxygen dissolved in water exerts a partial pressure of 20 kPa in the vapour above water. The molar solubility of oxygen in water is  $\_\_\_\_ \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ . (Round off to the Nearest Integer). [Given: Henry's law constant  $= K_H = 8.0 \times 10^4 \text{ kPa}$  for  $O_2$ . Density of water with dissolved oxygen
- Q59. For a certain first order reaction 32% of the reactant is left after 570 s. The rate constant of this reaction is  $\times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . (Round off to the Nearest Integer). (Round off to the Nearest Integer). (Given:  $\log_{10} 2 = 0.301$ ,  $\ln 10 = 2.303$ )
- Q60. The reaction of white phosphorus on boiling with alkali in inert atmosphere resulted in the formation of product A. The reaction 1 mol of A with excess of AgNO<sub>3</sub> in aqueous medium gives \_\_\_\_\_ mole(s) of Ag. (Round off to the Nearest Integer).
- Q61. The value of  $4 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{4 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{4 + \dots \infty}}}}$  is: mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo ///
  - (1)  $2 + \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{30}$  (2)  $2 + \frac{4}{\sqrt{5}}\sqrt{30}$  (4)  $5 + \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{30}$
- - (1) 1 (2)  $\frac{1}{2}|z|^2$  (3)  $\frac{1}{2}$  ngo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// (4)  $\frac{1}{2}|z+iz|^2$  /// mathongo /// mathongo ///
- Q63. Team 'A' consists of 7 boys and n girls and Team 'B' has 4 boys and 6 girls. If a total of 52 single matches can be arranged between these two teams when a boy plays against a boy and a girl plays against a girl, then n is
  - (1) 5 ngo /// mathongo /// mathongo
- **Q64.** If the fourth term in the expansion of  $(x + x^{\log_2 x})^7$  is 4480, then the value of x where  $x \in N$  is equal to:
  - $\binom{1}{3}$   $\binom{2}{3}$   $\binom{4}{1}$  mathongo  $\binom{2}{4}$  mathongo  $\binom{4}{1}$  mathongo  $\binom{4}{1}$  mathongo  $\binom{4}{1}$
- **Q65.** In a triangle PQR, the co-ordinates of the points P and Q are (-2,4) and (4,-2) respectively. If the equation of the perpendicular bisector of PR is 2x y + 2 = 0, then the centre of the circumcircle of the  $\Delta PQR$  is:
  - m(1) (-1, 0) /// mathongo /// mathongo (2) (-2, -2) ngo /// mathongo
  - (3) (0, 2) (4) (1, 4)

**Q66.** The line 2x - y + 1 = 0 is a tangent to the circle at the point (2, 5) and the centre of the circle lies on x - 2y = 4. Then, the radius of the circle is:

 $(1) \ 3\sqrt{5}$ 

///. mathongo (2)  $5\sqrt{3}$  thongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo

(3)  $5\sqrt{4}$ 

**Q67.** Choose the incorrect statement about the two circles whose equations are given below:

$$x^2 + y^2 - 10x - 10y + 41 = 0$$
 and  $x^2 + y^2 - 16x - 10y + 80 = 0$ 

- (1) Distance between two centres is the average of (2) Both circles' centres lie inside region of one radii of both the circles.
  - another.
- (3) Both circles pass through the centre of each
- (4) Circles have two intersection points.

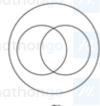
**Q68.** The value of  $\lim_{x\to 0^+} \frac{\cos^{-1}(x-[x]^2)\cdot\sin^{-1}(x-[x]^2)}{x-x^3}$ , where [x] denotes the greatest integer  $\leq x$  is:

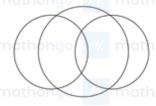
- ngo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo (2) 0 mathongo ///. mathongo (4)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$

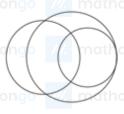
**Q69.** If the Boolean expression  $(p \Rightarrow q) \Leftrightarrow (q^*(\neg p))$  is a tautology, then the Boolean expression  $p^*(\neg q)$  is equivalent

- $(1) q \Rightarrow p$
- / mathongo /// mathongo (2)  $\sim q \Rightarrow p$  ongo /// mathongo /// mathongo
- (3)  $p \Rightarrow \sim q$

Q70. In a school, there are three types of games to be played. Some of the students play two types of games, but none play all the three games. Which Venn diagrams can justify the above statement?







(1) P and Q

(2) P and R

(3) Q and R

(4) None of these

and  $\det\left(A^2 - \frac{1}{2}\mathrm{I}\right) = 0$ , then a possible value of  $\alpha$  is

- mathongo  $\frac{1}{4}$  mathongo  $\frac{1}{6}$  mathongo  $\frac{1}{4}$

Q72. The system of equations kx + y + z = 1, x + ky + z = k and  $x + y + zk = k^2$  has no solution if k is equal mto:hongo

(1) 0

- 4 mathongo  $\frac{1}{2}$  mathongo  $\frac{1}{2}$  mathongo  $\frac{1}{2}$  mathongo

**Q73.** If  $\cot^{-1}(\alpha) = \cot^{-1} 2 + \cot^{-1} 8 + \cot^{-1} 18 + \cot^{-1} 32 + \dots$  upto 100 terms, then  $\alpha$  is:

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(1) 1.01 o /// mathongo /// mathongo (2) 1.00 thongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

(3) 1.02

**Q74.** The sum of possible values of x for  $\tan^{-1}(x+1) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{x-1}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{31}\right)$  is:  $(1) - \frac{32}{4}$   $(3) - \frac{30}{4}$ | mathongo | mathon

**Q75.** The inverse of  $y = 5^{\log x}$  is:

 $(1) x = 5^{\log y}$ 

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 $(3) y = x^{\frac{1}{\log 5}}$ 

 $(4) x = 5^{\frac{1}{\log y}}$ 

**Q76.** Which of the following statement is correct for the function  $g(\alpha)$  for  $\alpha \in R$  such that

which of the following statement is correct for the function 
$$g(\alpha)$$
 for  $\alpha \in R$  such that  $g(\alpha) = \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin^{\alpha} x}{\cos^{\alpha} x + \sin^{\alpha} x} dx$ 

(1)  $g(\alpha)$  is a strictly increasing function

(2)  $g(\alpha)$  has an inflection point at  $\alpha = -\frac{1}{2}$ (4)  $g(\alpha)$  is an even function

(3)  $g(\alpha)$  is a strictly decreasing function

Q77. Which of the following is true for y(x) that satisfies the differential equation

$$rac{dy}{dx}=xy-1+x-y;\;y(0)=0$$

**Q78.** Let  $\overrightarrow{a} = 2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 4\widehat{k}$  and  $\overrightarrow{b} = 7\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 6\widehat{k}$  If  $\overrightarrow{r} \times \overrightarrow{a} = \overrightarrow{r} \times \overrightarrow{b}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{r} \cdot \left(\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \widehat{k}\right) = -3$ , then  $\overrightarrow{r} \cdot \left(2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + \widehat{k}\right)$  is

equal to:

(1) 12

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(3) 13

(4) 10mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

**Q79.** The equation of the plane which contains the y-axis and passes through the point (1, 2, 3) is:

(1) x + 3z = 10 (2) x + 3z = 0

(3) 3x + z = 6

(4) 3x - z = 0

**Q80.** Two dices are rolled. If both dices have six faces numbered 1, 2, 3, 5, 7 and 11, then the probability that the sum of the numbers on the top faces is less than or equal to 8 is:  $m(1)^{\frac{4}{9}}$ ngo /// mathongo /// mathongo (2)  $\frac{17}{36}$  athongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

 $(3) \frac{5}{12}$ 

**Q81.** If  $(2021)^{3762}$  is divided by 17, then the remainder is \_\_\_\_\_\_. mathongo \_\_\_\_\_. mathongo \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q82.** The minimum distance between any two points  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  while considering point  $P_1$  on one circle and point  $P_2$  on the other circle for the given circles' equations

 $x^2+y^2-10x-10y+41=0$  mathongo mathon

 $x^2 + y^2 - 24x - 10y + 160 = 0$  is

**Q83.** If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ , then the value of  $\det \left(A^4\right) + \det \left(A^{10} - \left(\operatorname{Adj}\left(2\,A\right)\right)^{10}\right)$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

<b>Q84.</b> If the function $f(x)$ =	$=\frac{\cos(\sin x)-\cos x}{x^4}$ is co	ontinuous at each	n point in its don	nain and $f(0)=rac{1}{k},$	then $k$ is
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- **Q85.** If  $f(x) = \sin\left(\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-2^{2x}}{1+2^{2x}}\right)\right)$  and its first derivative with respect to x is  $-\frac{b}{a}\log_e 2$  when x=1, where a and b are integers, then the minimum value of  $|a^2-b^2|$  is \_\_\_\_\_.
- **Q86.** The maximum value of z in the following equation  $z = 6xy + y^2$ , where  $3x + 4y \le 100$  and  $4x + 3y \le 75$  for  $x \ge 0$  and  $y \ge 0$  mathons with mathons is
- Q87. If  $[\cdot]$  represents the greatest integer function, then the value of  $\int_0^{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}} \left[ \left[ x^2 \right] \cos x \right] dx$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

- Q90. Let there be three independent events  $E_1, E_2$  and  $E_3$ . The probability that only  $E_1$  occurs is  $\alpha$  only  $E_2$  occurs is  $\beta$  and only  $E_3$  occurs is  $\gamma$ . Let p' denote the probability of none of events occurs that satisfies the equations  $(\alpha 2\beta)p = \alpha\beta$  and  $(\beta 3\gamma)p = 2\beta\gamma$ . All the given probabilities are assumed to lie in the interval (0, 1). Then,  $\frac{\text{Probability of occurrence of } E_1}{\text{Probability of occurrence of } E_3}$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.
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ANSWER	KEYS										
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	<b>10.</b> (2)	<b>11.</b> (3)		<b>12.</b> (2)	13. (		14. (		<b>15.</b> (4)		<b>16.</b> (2)
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<b>73.</b> (1)	<b>74.</b> (1)	<b>75.</b> (3)		<b>76.</b> (4)	77. (	(1)	<b>78.</b> (	1)	<b>79.</b> (4)		<b>80.</b> (2)
//// mathong	<b>82.</b> (1)	<b>83.</b> (16)		<b>84.</b> (6)	85. (	(481)	86. (	904)	<b>87.</b> (1)		<b>88.</b> (2)
<b>89.</b> (4)	<b>90.</b> (6)										