Q1	. Given below are two statements: /// mathongo	
	Statement (I): Planck's constant and angular momen	tum have the same dimensions.
	Statement (II): Linear momentum and moment of fo	rce have the same dimensions. Thomas // mathonas
	In light of the above statements, choose the correct a	nswer from the options given below:
	(1) Statement I is true but Statement II is false	(2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
	(3) Both Statement I and Statement II are true	(4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
Q2	Position of an ant ( S in metres) moving in $Y-Z$ p magnitude and direction of velocity of the ant at $t=$	plane is given by ${ m S}=2{ m t}^2\hat{ m j}+5\widehat{ m k}$ (where $t$ is in second). The $1~{ m s}$ will be :
	(1) $16 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ in y-direction was mothered.	(2) $4 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ in x-direction mathongo /// mathongo
	(3) 9 m s <sup><math>-1</math></sup> in z-direction	(4) 4 m s <sup>-1</sup> in y-direction
Q3	the height by which the outer rail should be raised with 10 cm (3) 4.8 cm	(2) 5. 4 cm (4) 4. 2 cm
Q4		ual kinetic energies. The ratio of magnitude of their linear
	(1) 3 : 5 (3) 2 : 5	///. mathongo
///. O5		mathongo mathongo mathongo mathongo a velocity $6 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . If 200 kg extra mass is added, the
///	final velocity (in m s <sup>-1</sup> ) is: $\frac{1}{2}$	
	(1) 6	(2) 2
		(4) 5 mathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo
Ω6		h is g. If the diameter of earth reduces to half of its original
111.	value and mass remains constant, then acceleration d	
	(1) $\frac{g}{4}$	(2) 2g
		(4) 4g mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo
Q7	Given below are two statements:  Statement (I): Viscosity of gases is greater than that	/// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo of liquids.
	Statement (II): Surface tension of a liquid decreases	due to the presence of insoluble impurities.
	In the light of the above statements, choose the most	appropriate answer from the options given below:
	(1) Statement I is correct but statement II is incorrect	(2) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct
	(3) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect	(4) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
Q8	3.0.08 kg air is heated at constant volume through 5°C	C. The specific heat of air at constant volume is
	$0.17~\mathrm{kcal}~\mathrm{kg}^{-1}~\mathrm{^{\circ}C^{-1}}$ and $1~\mathrm{J}=4.18~\mathrm{joule}~\mathrm{cal}^{-1}$	
	(1) 318 J	(2) 298 J
	(3) 284 J	(4) 142 J

Q9. The average kinetic energy of a monatomic molecule is 0.414 eV at temperature:

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(Use  $K_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \,\mathrm{J \ mol^{-1} \ K^{-1}}$ ) athono // mathono // mathono //

(1) 3000 K

- (3) 1600 K
- /// mathongo /// mathongo (4) 1500 Khongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

**Q10.** An electric charge  $10^{-6}~\mu\mathrm{C}$  is placed at origin  $(0,~0)~\mathrm{m}$  of X - Y co-ordinate system. Two points P and Q are situated at  $(\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3})$  m and  $(\sqrt{6}, 0)$  m respectively. The potential difference between the points P and Q

- will be:
- (1)  $\sqrt{3} \text{ V}$

 $(2) \sqrt{6} V$ 

(3) 0 V

(4) 3 V// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathonao

Q11. A wire of resistance R and length L is cut into 5 equal parts. If these parts are joined parallely, then resultant mathongo ///. mathongo

 $(1) \frac{R}{25}$ 

(3) 25R

mathongo (4) 5R mathongo ///4 mathongo

Q12. A wire of length 10 cm and radius  $\sqrt{7} \times 10^{-4}$  m connected across the right gap of a meter bridge. When a resistance of 4.5  $\Omega$  is connected on the left gap by using a resistance box, the balance length is found to be at 60 cm from the left end. If the resistivity of the wire is  $R \times 10^{-7} \Omega$  m, then value of R is:

(1) 63

mathongo (2) 70nathongo /// mathongo

(3)66

(4) 35

Q13. A proton moving with a constant velocity passes through a region of space without any change in its velocity. If  $\vec{E}$  and  $\vec{B}$  represent the electric and magnetic fields respectively, then the region of space may have :

(A) E = 0, B = 0; (B) E = 0,  $B \neq 0$ ; (C)  $E \neq 0$ , B = 0; (D)  $E \neq 0$ ,  $B \neq 0$ 

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

(1) (A), (B) and (C) only

(2) (A), (C) and (D) only

(3) (A), (B) and (D) only

(4) (B), (C) and (D) only

Q14. A rectangular loop of length 2.5 m and width 2 m is placed at 60° to a magnetic field of 4 T. The loop is removed from the field in 10 sec. The average emf induced in the loop during this time is

(1) - 2 V

(2) + 2 V

(3) +1 V

(4) -1 V

Q15. A plane electromagnetic wave propagating in x-direction is described by

 $E_y = (200 \text{ V m}^{-1}) \sin[1.5 \times 10^7 \text{t} - 0.05 \text{x}]$ ; The intensity of the wave is : (Use  $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$ )

- (1)  $35.4 \text{ W m}^{-2}$  (2)  $53.1 \text{ W m}^{-2}$  (3)  $26.6 \text{ W m}^{-2}$  (4)  $106.2 \text{ W m}^{-2}$

 $(3) 26.6 \text{ W m}^{-2}$ 

Q16. If the refractive index of the material of a prism is  $\cot(\frac{A}{2})$ , where A is the angle of prism then the angle of minimum deviation will be

(1)  $\pi - 2 A$ 

(2)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  - 2 A

(3)  $\pi - A$ 

 $(4) \frac{\pi}{2} - A$ 

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- Q17. A convex lens of focal length 40 cm forms an image of an extended source of light on a photoelectric cell. A current I is produced. The lens is replaced by another convex lens having the same diameter but focal length 20 cm. The photoelectric current now is
  - $(1) \frac{1}{2}$

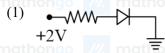
(2) 4I

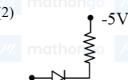
(3) 2I

- mathongo (4) I mathongo ///
- **Q18.** The radius of third stationary orbit of electron for Bohr's atom is R. The radius of fourth stationary orbit will
  - $(1) \frac{4}{3}R$

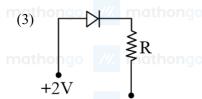
 $(3) \frac{3}{4}R$ 

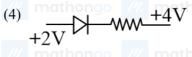
- (2)  $\frac{16}{9}R$  mathong (4)  $\frac{9}{16}R$  thong  $\frac{7}{4}$
- Q19. Which of the following circuits is reverse biased?











- Q20. Identify the physical quantity that cannot be measured using spherometer: // mothonoo
  - (1) Radius of curvature of concave surface
- (2) Specific rotation of liquids

- (3) Thickness of thin plates (4) Radius of curvature of convex surface
- **Q21.** A particle starts from origin at t = 0 with a velocity  $\hat{si}$  m  $s^{-1}$  and moves in x y plane under action of a force which produces a constant acceleration of  $(3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j})$  m s<sup>-2</sup>. If the x-coordinate of the particle at that instant is 84 m, then the speed of the particle at this time is  $\sqrt{\alpha}$  m s<sup>-1</sup>. The value of  $\alpha$  is \_
- Q22. Four particles, each of mass 1 kg are placed at four corners of a square of side 2 m. The moment of inertia of the system about an axis perpendicular to its plane and passing through one of its vertex is \_\_\_\_\_ kg m<sup>2</sup>.
- Q23. If average depth of an ocean is 4000 m and the bulk modulus of water is  $2 \times 10^9$  N m<sup>-2</sup>, then fractional compression  $\frac{\Delta V}{V}$  of water at the bottom of ocean is  $\alpha \times 10^{-2}$ . The value of  $\alpha$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_, (Given,  $g=10\; m\; s^{-2},\; \rho=1000\; kg\; m^{-3})$
- Q24. A particle executes simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 4 cm. At the mean position, velocity of the particle is 10 cm s<sup>-1</sup>. The distance of the particle from the mean position when its speed becomes 5 cm s<sup>-1</sup> is  $\sqrt{\alpha}$  cm, where  $\alpha =$  .

## **JEE Main 2024 (27 Jan Shift 1) Question Paper**

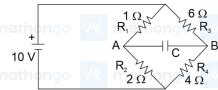
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Q25. A thin metallic wire having cross sectional area of  $10^{-4}$  m<sup>2</sup> is used to make a ring of radius 30 cm. A positive charge of  $2\pi$  C is uniformly distributed over the ring, while another positive charge of 30 pC is kept at the centre of the ring. The tension in the ring is \_\_\_\_\_ N; provided that the ring does not get deformed (neglect the influence of gravity).

(Given,  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9$  SI units) mathongo mathongo mathongo mathongo

Q26. The charge accumulated on the capacitor connected in the following circuit is \_\_\_\_ ///. mathongo ///. mathongo

(Given  $C = 150 \mu F$ )



Q27. Two long, straight wires carry equal currents in opposite directions as shown in figure. The separation between the wires is 5.0 cm. The magnitude of the magnetic field at a point P midway between the wires is  $_{---}\mu T$ . (Given:  $\mu_0 = 4\pi imes 10^{-7} \, \mathrm{T \ m \ A^{-1}})$  mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo



- Q28. Two coils have mutual inductance 0.002 H. The current changes in the first coil according to the relation  $i = i_0 sin\omega t$ , where  $i_0 = 5$  A and  $\omega = 50\pi$  rad s<sup>-1</sup>. The maximum value of emf in the second coil is  $\frac{\pi}{\alpha}$  V. The value of  $\alpha$  is
- Q29. Two immiscible liquids of refractive indices  $\frac{8}{5}$  and  $\frac{3}{2}$  respectively are put in a beaker as shown in the figure. The height of each column is 6 cm. A coin is placed at the bottom of the beaker. For near normal vision, the

- Commathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo ///. mathongo Q30. In a nuclear fission process, a high mass nuclide  $(A \approx 236)$  with binding energy 7. 6 MeV/Nucleon dissociated into two middle mass nuclides (A  $\approx$  118), having binding energy of 8.6 MeV /Nucleon. The
- **Q31.** The electronic configuration for Neodymium is: [Atomic Number for Neodymium 60]

energy released in the process would be \_\_\_\_\_ MeV.

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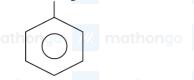
- $m (1) [Xe] 4f^4 6s^2$  mathongo /// mathongo (2)  $[Xe] 5f^47s^2$  /// mathongo
  - (3)  $[Xe] 4f^6 6s^2$

- Q32. Which of the following electronic configuration would be associated with the highest magnetic moment?
  - (1)  $[Ar] 3d^7$
  - (3)  $[Ar] 3d^3$

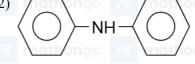
- (2)  $[Ar] 3d^8$
- (4)  $[Ar] 3d^6$
- Q33. Choose the polar molecule from the following:
  - $(1) \text{ CCl}_4$
  - $(3) CH_2 = CH_2$

- (2) CO<sub>2</sub>
- (4) CHCl<sub>3</sub>
- **Q34.** Which of the following is strongest Bronsted base?





(2)







- Q35. Given below are two statements:
  - **Statement (I)**: Aqueous solution of ammonium carbonate is basic.
  - Statement (II): Acidic/basic nature of salt solution of a salt of weak acid and weak base depends on K<sub>a</sub> and K<sub>b</sub> value of acid and the base forming it.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (2) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
- (3) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct
- Q36. Given below are two statements: one is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R).
  - Assertion (A): Melting point of Boron (2453 K) is unusually high in group 13 elements.
  - **Reason** (R): Solid Boron has very strong crystalline lattice.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below;

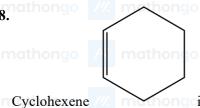
- (1) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) Is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

(3) (A) is true but (R) is false

- (4) (A) is false but (R) is true
- Q37. IUPAC name of following compound (P) is:

- (1) 1 Ethyl 5, 5 dimethylcyclohexane (2) 3 Ethyl 1, 1 dimethylcyclohexane
  - (3) 1 Ethyl 3, 3 dimethylcyclohexane
- (4) 1, 1 Dimethyl 3 ethylcyclohexane

Q38.

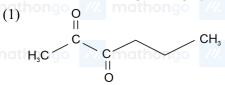


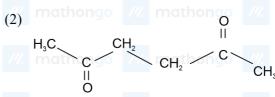
math type of an organic compound. ongois

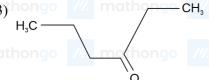
- (1) Benzenoid aromatic
- (3) Acyclic

- (2) Benzenoid non-aromatic
- mathongo /// mathongo (4) Alicyclic ngo /// mathongo

Q39. Which of the following has highly acidic hydrogen?

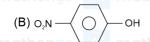






Q40. The ascending order of acidity of – OH group in the following compounds is:

(A) Bu - OH





(C) MeO



(E) O<sub>2</sub>N

Notathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo ///

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

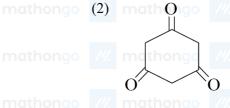
- (1)(A) < (D) < (C) < (B) < (E)
- (2) (C) < (A) < (D) < (B) < (E)
- (3) (C) < (D) < (B) < (A) < (E)

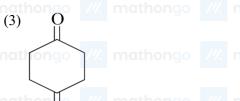
Q41. Highest enol content will be shown by:

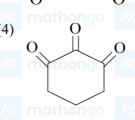
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**Question Paper** 

 $^{(1)}$  0









- **Q42.** A solution of two miscible liquids showing negative deviation from Raoult's law will have:
  - (1) increased vapour pressure, increased boiling matpoint
- (2) increased vapour pressure, decreased boiling point thongo
- (3) decreased vapour pressure, decreased boiling
- (4) decreased vapour pressure, increased boiling point thongo
- **Q43.** Element not showing variable oxidation state is:
  - (1) Bromine

(2) Iodine

(3) Chlorine

- (4) Fluorine
- Q44. NaCl reacts with conc. H<sub>2</sub> SO<sub>4</sub> and K<sub>2</sub> Cr<sub>2</sub> O<sub>7</sub> to give reddish fumes (B), which react with NaOH to give yellow solution (C). (B) and (C) respectively are;
  - (1)  $CrO_2 Cl_2$ ,  $Na_2 CrO_4$

(2) Na<sub>2</sub> CrO<sub>4</sub>, CrO<sub>2</sub> Cl<sub>2</sub>

(3)  $CrO_2 Cl_2$ ,  $KHSO_4$ 

(4)  $CrO_2 Cl_2$ ,  $Na_2 Cr_2 O_7$ 

**Q45.** Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): The 4f and 5f - series of elements are placed separately in the Periodic table to preserve the principle of classification.

**Statement (II)**: s-block elements can be found in pure form in nature.

In light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- (3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- **Q46.** Yellow compound of lead chromate gets dissolved on treatment with hot NaOH solution. The product of lead
- formed is a: (1) Tetraanionic complex with coordination number (2) Neutral complex with coordination number four
  - (3) Dianionic complex with coordination number six (4) Dianionic complex with coordination number
- four
- Q47. Consider the following complex ions

$$P \; = \; [FeF_6]^{3-}, \; Q \; = \; [V(H_2O)_{\; 6}]^{2+}, \; R \; = \; [Fe(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$$

The correct order of the complex ions, according to their spin only magnetic moment values (in B.M.) is:

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- r(1) R < Q < P mathongo /// mathongo (2) R < P < Q /// mathongo /// mathongo
  - (3) Q < R < P

(4) Q < P < R

Q48. The correct statement regarding nucleophilic substitution reaction in a chiral alkyl halide is;

- (1) Retention occurs in S<sub>N</sub>l reaction and inversion occurs in  $S_N$ 2 reaction.
- (3) Racemisation occurs in both  $S_N1$  and  $S_N2$ matreactions. /// mathongo /// mathongo
- (2) Racemisation occurs in S<sub>N</sub>l reaction and retention occurs in S<sub>N</sub>2 reaction.
- (4) Racemisation occurs in S<sub>N</sub>1 reaction and inversion occurs in S<sub>N</sub>2 reaction.

**Q49.** Given below are two statements:

**Statement** (I): p-nitrophenol is more acidic than m-nitrophenol and o-nitrophenol.

**Statement (II)**: Ethanol will give immediate turbidity with Lucas reagent.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- (3) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- (4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

Q50. Two nucleotides are joined together by a linkage known as:

(1) Phosphodiester linkage

(2) Glycosidic linkage

(3) Disulphide linkage

(4) Peptide linkage

Q51. Mass of methane required to produce 22 g of CO after complete combustion is g. (Given Molar mass in g mol  $^{1}$ , C=12.0, H=1.0, O=16.0) mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

- Q52. The number of electrons present in all the completely filled subshells having n = 4 and  $s = +\frac{1}{2}$  is \_\_\_\_\_ (Where n = principal quantum number and <math>s = spin quantum number)
- Q53. Sum of bond order of CO and NO<sup>+</sup> is mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo
- **Q54.** If three moles of an ideal gas at  $300~\mathrm{K}$  expand isothermally from  $30~\mathrm{dm}^3$  to  $45~\mathrm{dm}^3$  against a constant opposing pressure of 80 kPa, then the amount of heat transferred is J.
- Q55. Among the following, total number of meta directing functional groups is (Integer based)

$$-\operatorname{OCH}_3, -\operatorname{NO}_2, -\operatorname{CN}, -\operatorname{CH}_3 - \operatorname{NHCOCH}_3, -\operatorname{COR}, -\operatorname{OH}, -\operatorname{COOH}, -\operatorname{Cl}$$

Q56. Among the given organic compounds, the total number of aromatic compounds is



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(A)







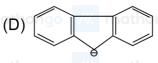


(B)





(C)









Q57.3—Methylhex-2-ene on reaction with HBr in presence of peroxide forms an addition product (A). The number of possible stereoisomers for 'A' is mathons and mathons and mathons and mathons and mathons and mathons are mathons and mathons and mathons are mathons and mathons and mathons are mathons are mathons and mathons are mathons are mathons and mathons are mathons and mathons are mathons and mathons are mathons are mathons are mathons and mathons are matho

**Q58.** The mass of silver (Molar mass of Ag :  $108 \,\mathrm{gmol}^{-1}$ ) displaced by a quantity of electricity which displaces 5600 mL of  $O_2$  at S.T.P. will be \_\_\_\_\_ g.

Q59. Consider the following data for the given reaction /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

$$2\,{
m HI}_{
m (g)} 
ightarrow {
m H}_{
m 2(\,g)} + {
m I}_{
m 2(\,g)}$$

$$\mathrm{HI}(\mathrm{molL}^{-1})$$
 // mathor  $0.005$  // m $0.01$  ng  $0.02$  nathong // mathong // mathong

$$0.01_{10}$$

Rate (molL<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>) 
$$7.5 \times 10^{-4}$$
  $3.0 \times 10^{-3}$   $1.2 \times 10^{-2}$ 

$$1.2 imes 10^{-2}$$

The order of the reaction is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ athongo \_\_\_\_\_ mathongo \_\_\_\_\_ mathongo \_\_\_\_\_ mathongo

**Q60.** From the given list, the number of compounds with +4 oxidation state of Sulphur  $\mathrm{SO}_3, \mathrm{H}_2\,\mathrm{SO}_3, \mathrm{SOCl}_2, \mathrm{SF}_4, \mathrm{BaSO}_4, \mathrm{H}_2\,\mathrm{S}_2\mathrm{O}_7$  and the mathenage  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  mathenage  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  mathenage  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ 

(1) 1

- athongo /// mathongo /// mathongo
- (4) 2

mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo **Q62.** The number of common terms in the progressions  $4, 9, 14, 19, \ldots$ , up to  $25^{th}$  term and  $3, 6, 9, 12, \ldots$  up to 37<sup>th</sup> term is:

(1)9

(2) 5

- /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

**Q63.** If A denotes the sum of all the coefficients in the expansion of  $(1-3x+10x^2)^n$  and B denotes the sum of all the coefficients in the expansion of  $(1+x^2)^n$ , then : Mathongo Mathongo Mathongo

(1)  $A = B^3$ 

- $M(3) B = A^3$  /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

**Q64.**  $^{n-1}C_r = (k^2 - 8)^n C_{r+1}$  if and only if :

(1)  $2\sqrt{2} < k \le 3$ 

(2)  $2\sqrt{3} < k < 3\sqrt{2}$ 

(3)  $2\sqrt{3} < k < 3\sqrt{3}$ 

(4)  $2\sqrt{2} < k < 2\sqrt{3}$ 

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**Q65.** The portion of the line 4x + 5y = 20 in the first quadrant is trisected by the lines L<sub>1</sub> and L<sub>2</sub> passing through the origin. The tangent of an angle between the lines  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  is : (1)  $\frac{8}{5}$  mathongo /// mathongo (2)  $\frac{25}{41}$  nathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo (3)  $\frac{2}{5}$ 

**Q66.** Four distinct points (2k, 3k), (1, 0), (0, 1) and (0, 0) lie on a circle for k equal to :

(1)  $\frac{2}{13}$ (3)  $\frac{5}{13}$  mg with mathong with mathon with mat

**Q67.** If the shortest distance of the parabola  $y^2 = 4x$  from the centre of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 16y + 64 = 0$  is d, then  $d^2$  is equal to :

(1) 16

ngo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q68. The length of the chord of the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$ , whose mid point is  $\left(1, \frac{2}{5}\right)$ , is equal to:

(1)  $\frac{\sqrt{1691}}{5}$ (2)  $\frac{\sqrt{2009}}{5}$ (3)  $\frac{\sqrt{1741}}{5}$ (4)  $\frac{\sqrt{1541}}{5}$  hongo (4) mathongo (4) mathongo (5)

If  $a = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{1+x^4}-\sqrt{2}}}{x^4}$  and  $b = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1+\cos x}}$ , then the value of  $ab^3$  is : mathongo

n(3) 25 ngo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

**Q70.** Let  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{10}$  be 10 observations such that  $\sum_{k=1}^{10} a_k = 50$  and  $\sum_{\forall k < j} a_k \cdot a_j = 1100$ . Then the standard deviation of  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{10}$  is equal to:

(1) 5 (2)  $\sqrt{5}$  (3) 10 (2)  $\sqrt{115}$  hongo (2)  $\sqrt{5}$  mathongo (4)  $\sqrt{115}$  hongo (7) mathongo (8)

Q71. Let  $S = \{1, 2, 3, ..., 10\}$ . Suppose M is the set of all the subsets of S, then the relation  $R = \{(A, B) : A \cap B \neq \phi; A, B \in M\}$  is :

(1) symmetric and reflexive only (2) reflexive only mathongo

(3) symmetric and transitive only

(4) symmetric only

Q72. athong we mathon  $\cos x - \sin x = 0$  mathong we mathong Consider the matrix  $f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos x & -\sin x & 0 \\ \sin x & \cos x & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . Given below are two statements:

Statement I: f(-x) is the inverse of the matrix f(x).

Statement II: f(x) f(y) = f(x + y).

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below

(1) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

(2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false

(3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false

(4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true

**Q73.** The function  $f: N - \{1\} \to N$ ; defined by f(n) = the highest prime factor of n, is:

(1) both one-one and onto

(2) one-one only

(3) onto only

(4) neither one-one nor onto

**Question Paper** 

### **JEE Main Previous Year Paper** MathonGo

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Consider the function } f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{a(7x-12-x^2)}{b|x^2-7x+12|} & , x < 3 \end{cases} & \text{mathongo} & \text{mathongo} \\ 2^{\frac{\sin(x-3)}{x-|x|}} & , x > 3 \end{cases}, \text{where } [x] \text{ denotes the greatest integer less than or equal} \\ b & , x = 3 \end{cases}$ 

to x. If S denotes the set of all ordered pairs (a, b) such that f(x) is continuous at x = 3, then the number of elements in S is:

- (1) 2
  (2) Infinitely many
  (3) 4 ongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q75. If  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{3+x}+\sqrt{1+x}} dx = a+b\sqrt{2}+c\sqrt{3}$ , where a,b,c are rational numbers, then 2a+3 b-4c is equal to :

 $(2)\ 10$ 

- n(3) 7 ongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

**Q76.** If (a, b) be the orthocentre of the triangle whose vertices are (1, 2), (2, 3) and (3, 1), and  $I_1=\int_a^b x \sinig(4x-x^2ig)\,dx, I_2=\int_a^b \sinig(4x-x^2ig)\,dx$  , then  $36rac{I_1}{I_2}$  is equal to :

- // n(3) 80 ngo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

Q77. Let x=x(t) and y=y(t) be solutions of the differential equations  $\frac{dx}{dt}+ax=0$  and  $\frac{dy}{dt}+by=0$ respectively,  $a,b\in R$ . Given that x(0)=2 ; y(0)=1 and 3 y(1)=2 x(1), the value of t, for which x(t) = y(t), is: mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

 $(1) \log_{\frac{2}{n}} 2$ 

Q78. If  $\overrightarrow{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{b} = 3(\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k})$  and  $\overrightarrow{c}$  be the vector such that  $\overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{c} = \overrightarrow{b}$  and  $\overrightarrow{a} \cdot \overrightarrow{c} = 3$ , then mathongo mathongo mathongo  $\overrightarrow{a} \cdot \left( \left( \overrightarrow{c} \times \overrightarrow{b} \right) - \overrightarrow{b} - \overrightarrow{c} \right)$  is equal to

- n(1) 32 ngo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

(3) 20

**Q79.** The distance, of the point (7, -2, 11) from the line  $\frac{x-6}{1} = \frac{y-4}{0} = \frac{z-8}{3}$  along the line  $\frac{x-5}{2} = \frac{y-1}{-3} = \frac{z-5}{6}$ , is:

- (1) 12
- /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

**Q80.** If the shortest distance between the lines  $\frac{x-4}{1} = \frac{y+1}{2} = \frac{z}{-3}$  and  $\frac{x-\lambda}{2} = \frac{y+1}{4} = \frac{z-2}{-5}$  is  $\frac{6}{\sqrt{5}}$ , then the sum of all possible values of  $\lambda$  is :

- (1) 5 ongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

**Q81.** If  $\alpha$  satisfies the equation  $x^2+x+1=0$  and  $(1+\alpha)^7=\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}\alpha+\mathrm{C}\alpha^2,\ \mathrm{A},\ \mathrm{B},\mathrm{C}\geq 0,$  then 5(3 A - 2 B - C) is equal to

**Q82.** If  $8 = 3 + \frac{1}{4}(3+p) + \frac{1}{4^2}(3+2p) + \frac{1}{4^3}(3+3p) + \dots \infty$ , then the value of p is

**Q83.** Let the set of all  $a \in R$  such that the equation  $\cos 2x + a \sin x = 2a - 7$  has a solution be [p, q] and other sets of all  $a \in R$  such that the equation  $\cos 2x + a \sin x = 2a - 7$  has a solution be [p, q] and other sets of all  $a \in R$  such that the equation  $\cos 2x + a \sin x = 2a - 7$  has a solution be [p, q] and [q, q]

$$AB_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, AB_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 mathongo /// mathongo /// mathongo

If  $\alpha = |B|$  and  $\beta$  is the sum of all the diagonal elements of B, then  $\alpha^3 + \beta^3$  is equal to

**Q85.** Let 
$$f(x)=x^3+x^2f'(1)+xf''(2)+f'''(3),\ x\in R$$
. Then  $f'(10)$  is equal to

- **Q86.** Let for a differentiable function  $f:(0,\infty) o R$ ,  $f(x)-f(y)\geq \log_e\Bigl(rac{x}{y}\Bigr)+x-y, orall x,y\in(0,\infty)$ . Then  $\sum_{n=1}^{20} f'(\frac{1}{n^2})$  is equal to
- **Q87.** Let the area of the region  $\{(x,y): x-2y+4\geq 0, x+2y^2\geq 0, x+4y^2\leq 8, y\geq 0\}$  be  $\frac{m}{n}$ , where m and n are coprime numbers. Then m+n is equal to  $\underline{\underline{ngo}}$ .  $\underline{\underline{mathongo}}$   $\underline{\underline{mathongo}}$   $\underline{\underline{mathongo}}$   $\underline{\underline{mathongo}}$
- **Q88.** If the solution of the differential equation  $(2x+3y-2)dx+(4x+6y-7)dy=0,\ y(0)=3$ , is  $\alpha x+\beta y+3\log_e|2x+3y-\gamma|=6$ , then  $\alpha+2\beta+3\gamma$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.
- **Q89.** The least positive integral value of  $\alpha$ , for which the angle between the vectors  $\alpha \hat{i} 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$  and  $\alpha \hat{i} + 2\alpha \hat{j} 2\hat{k}$ is acute, is
- Q90. A fair die is tossed repeatedly until a six is obtained. Let X denote the number of tosses required and let  $a=P(X=3), b=P(X\geq 3)$  and  $c=P(X\geq 6\mid X>3).$  Then  $\frac{b+c}{a}$  is equal to mathongo we mathongo we mathongo we mathongo

ANSWER	KEYS	90	///.	muliun go	///.	nhongo	///.	munitor go	/4/.	go.
<b>1.</b> (1) <sub>nathor</sub>	2. (4)	<b>3.</b> (2)	14.	<b>4.</b> (3) <sub>nongo</sub>	5. (4)	ithon <b>6.</b> (4)	111.	7. (2)	14.	<b>8.</b> (3) hongo
<b>9.</b> (2)	<b>10.</b> (3)	<b>11.</b> (1)		<b>12.</b> (3)	<b>13.</b> (3)	<b>14.</b> (3	3)	<b>15.</b> (2)		<b>16.</b> (1)
17. (4) athor	<b>18.</b> (2)	mat 19. (4)		<b>20.</b> (2)	<b>21.</b> (673)	thon 22. (1	16)	<b>23.</b> (2)		<b>24.</b> (12)
<b>25.</b> (3)	<b>26.</b> (40	<b>27.</b> (160)	)	<b>28.</b> (2)	<b>29.</b> (31)	<b>30.</b> (2	236)	<b>31.</b> (1)		<b>32.</b> (4)
<b>33.</b> (4)	<b>34.</b> (4)	<b>35.</b> (1)		<b>36.</b> (2)	<b>37.</b> (2)	<b>38.</b> (4	4)	<b>39.</b> (4)		<b>40.</b> (4)
<b>41.</b> (2) athor	<b>42.</b> (4)	43. (4)		<b>44.</b> (1)	<b>45.</b> (3)	thon 46. (4	4)	<b>47.</b> (3)		48. (4)
<b>49.</b> (1)	<b>50.</b> (1)	<b>51.</b> (8)		<b>52.</b> (16)	<b>53.</b> (6)	<b>54.</b> (1	1200	55. (4)		<b>56.</b> (3)
<b>57.</b> (4) athor	<b>58.</b> (10	08) ma <b>59.</b> (2)		<b>60.</b> (3) ongo	<b>61.</b> (1)	ithon <b>62.</b> (3	3)//.	<b>63.</b> (1)		<b>64.</b> (1) ongo
<b>65.</b> (4)	<b>66.</b> (3)	<b>67.</b> (3)		<b>68.</b> (1)	<b>69.</b> (2)	<b>70.</b> (2	2)	<b>71.</b> (4)		<b>72.</b> (4)
<b>73.</b> (4)	<b>74.</b> (4)	<b>75.</b> (4)		<b>76.</b> (1)	77. (4)	<b>78.</b> (2	2)	<b>79.</b> (2)		<b>80.</b> (2)
<b>81.</b> (5) mathor	<b>82.</b> (9)	<b>83.</b> (48)		<b>84.</b> (28)	<b>85.</b> (202)	86. (2)	2890	<b>87.</b> (119)		<b>88.</b> (29)
<b>89.</b> (5)	<b>90.</b> (12	2)								